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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/633,927		08/04/2003	Ryu Yokoyama	P/1909-163	4959	
2352	7590	04/13/2006	EXAMINER			
		BER GERB & SOFF	DIACOU	DIACOU, ARI M		
NEW YOR		THE AMERICAS 100368403		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,				3663		
				DATE MAILED: 04/13/200	DATE MAILED: 04/13/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	A	oplication No.	Applicant(s)					
		0/633,927	YOKOYAMA, RYU					
Office Action Summa		caminer	Art Unit					
	Ar	i M. Diacou	3663					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PER WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM - Extensions of time may be available under the p after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the If NO period for reply is specified above, the may railure to reply within the set or extended period Any reply received by the Office later than three earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.7	FHE MAILING DATE rovisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a) his communication. Attraction statutory period will appropriately will, by statute, cause months after the mailing date.	OF THIS COMMUNICATION In no event, however, may a reply be timely and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the settle application to become ABANDONE	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1) Responsive to communication	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 February 2006.							
2a) This action is FINAL .	, 							
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11-16</u> is/are pending	4) Claim(s) 11-16 is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
· <u> </u>	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	☐ Claim(s) 11-16 is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected 8) Claim(s) are subject to		action requirement						
o/ Claim(s) are subject to	restriction and/or en	solion requirement.						
Application Papers								
9)☐ The specification is objected to	by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	·							
	alaim for foreign prid	ority under 25 H.S.C. & 110(a)	(d) or (f)					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office	e action for a list of t	he certified copies not receive	d.					
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary						
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Re 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 11-16 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection, which have been necessitated by amendment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly

claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 3. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
 - It is unclear what the applicant means by "spare Raman amplifier," and should the applicant construe its meaning to include a spare Raman amplifying fiber, multiplexer coupler and pumps, then the applicant has failed to disclose how these spare Raman amplifiers are attached to the rest of the apparatus.
 - It is also unclear what the applicant means by "n-number."
 - The phrases "at said first/second wavelength" lack antecedent basis. The
 applicant has antecedent basis for "first/second light sources" but does not
 claim those sources having different wavelengths.

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 The applicant does not claim in what manner the first and second light sources are connected to the Raman transmission fiber. (e.g. forward/backward pumping, wavelength etc.)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to

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consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

7. Claims 11-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Namiki et al. (USPAP No. 2002/0167719) in view of Pederson et al. (USPAP No. 2001/0050802), Lauder et al. (USPAP No. 2002/0109896), and Hempstead (USPAP No. 2001/0118447).

- Regarding claims 11, and 16, as best understood by the examiner, Namiki discloses an optical amplification method in an optical transmission system, including a plurality of first light sources for Raman amplification that amplify signal light transmitted in said optical transmission line and a plurality of second light sources for Raman amplification that are disposed at the positions adjoining respective ones of said plurality of first light sources for Raman amplification via said optical transmission line, comprising the steps of:
 - o amplifying said signal light by said first and second light sources for Raman amplification; [¶ 0098]
 - transmitting said amplified signal light through said optical transmission line;
 - o detecting a deteriorated state of said signal light amplified by one or more of said first and/or second light sources for Raman amplification; and [¶ 0114]

But fails to disclose:

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o providing a single spare Raman amplifier operating at said first wavelength for each n-number of said first Raman amplifiers, and a single spare Raman amplifier operating at said second wavelength for each n-number of said second Raman amplifiers;

- o restoring said deteriorated signal light to an un-deteriorated state by emitting spare pumping light from a spare pumping light from at least of said spare pumping light sources.
- spare pumping light sources being operated only when required to restore deteriorated signal light.

However it is well known in the art (Abstract of Pederson, Lauder [¶ 0006] [¶ 00021], and Hempstead [¶ 0014-0016]) to use spare pumping lights in a Raman amplifier and turn them on when a primary pumping light becomes defective. These spare pumps would be easily compatible with the control method of Namiki. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art (e.g. an optical engineer) at the time the invention was made, to provide spare pumping lights in the invention of Nimiki, and turn them on when a primary pump caused a deteriorated state in the amplifier output, for the advantage of continued amplifier operation in the case of all primary pumps failing.

Regarding claim 12, Namiki discloses an optical amplification method in an
optical transmission system in accordance with claim 11, wherein: responsive to
a deteriorated state of said amplified signal light, said spare pumping light is
emitted from said spare pumping light source so that the output level of said

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signal light becomes the same output level before said deterioration. [Namiki, ¶ 0103]

- Regarding claim 13, Namiki discloses an optical amplification method in an optical transmission system in accordance with claim 11, wherein: responsive to a deteriorated state of said amplified signal light, said spare pumping light is emitted from said spare pumping light source so that the gain wavelength characteristic of said signal light becomes the same gain wavelength characteristic before said deterioration. [Namiki, ¶ 0103]
- Regarding claim 15, Namiki, Hempstead, Lauder and Pederson disclose an
 optical amplification method in an optical transmission system in accordance with
 claim 11, wherein: outputs from said pumping light source and said spare
 pumping light source are controlled by respective control circuits in said one or
 more first and second light sources for Raman amplification. [Namiki ¶ 0103]
- 8. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Namiki in view of Pedersen, Hempstead and Lauder as applied to claim 11 above. Namiki, Pedersen, Hempstead and Lauder disclose the invention with all the limitations of claim 11 above, but in addition Pedersen teaches:
 - said first and second light sources emit light at respective first and second wavelengths, and at least one spare pumping light for each of said first and second wavelengths. [Abstract]

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art (e.g. an optical engineer) at the time the invention was made, to provide at least one spare pump light for each

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pump light, for the advantage of retaining normal operation in the event of a total failure of every primary pump light source.

Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

- 10. The references made herein are done so for the convenience of the applicant.

 They are in no way intended to be limiting. The prior art should be considered in its entirety.
- 11. The prior art which is cited but not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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12. As to limitations which are considered to be inherent in a reference, note the case law of <u>In re Ludtke</u>, 169 U.S.P.Q. 563; <u>In re Swinehart</u>, 169 U.S.P.Q. 226; <u>In re Fitzgerald</u>, 205 U.S.P.Q. 594; <u>In re Best et al</u>, 195 U.S.P.Q. 430; and <u>In re Brown</u>, 173 U.S.P.Q. 685, 688.

13. While patent drawings are not drawn to scale, relationships clearly shown in the drawings of a reference patent cannot be disregarded in determining the patentability of claims. See <u>In re Mraz</u>, 59 CCPA 866, 455 F.2d 1069, 173 USPQ 25 (1972).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ari M. Diacou whose telephone number is (571) 272-5591. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 8:30 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jack Keith can be reached on (571) 272-6878. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

AMD 4/11/2006

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER